

KARELIAN DIAMOND RESOURCES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTERPRETATION.....	7
2.	SHARE CAPITAL	11
3.	RIGHTS OF SHARES ON ISSUE	12
4.	REDEEMABLE SHARES	12
5.	VARIATION OF RIGHTS	12
6.	TRUSTS NOT RECOGNISED.....	12
7.	DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS.....	13
8.	RESTRICTION OF RIGHTS	15
9.	ALLOTMENT OF SHARES	17
10.	ALLOTMENT AUTHORITY	18
11.	SECTION 1023 AUTHORITY.....	18
12.	PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES.	19
13.	RE-ISSUE OF TREASURY SHARES.....	20
14.	PAYMENT OF COMMISSION.....	21
15.	ISSUE OF CERTIFICATES	21
16.	BALANCE AND EXCHANGE CERTIFICATES.....	21
17.	REPLACEMENT OF CERTIFICATES.....	22
18.	EXTENT OF LIEN	22
19.	POWER OF SALE.....	22
20.	POWER TO EFFECT TRANSFER.....	22
21.	PROCEEDS OF SALE	23
22.	MAKING OF CALLS.....	23
23.	TIME OF CALL	23
24.	LIABILITY OF JOINT HOLDERS.....	23
25.	INTEREST ON CALLS.....	23
26.	INTEREST ON MONEYS ADVANCED.....	23
27.	INSTALMENTS TREATED AS CALLS	24
28.	POWER TO DIFFERENTIATE	24

29.	NOTICE REQUIRING PAYMENT	24
30.	FORFEITURE	24
31.	POWER OF DISPOSAL.....	25
32.	EFFECT OF FORFEITURE OR SURRENDER	25
33.	STATUTORY DECLARATION.....	25
34.	NON-PAYMENT OF SUMS DUE ON SHARE ISSUES	25
35.	FORM OF INSTRUMENT OF TRANSFER.....	25
36.	EXECUTION OF INSTRUMENT OF TRANSFER	26
37.	STATUS OF HOLDER.....	27
38.	REFUSAL TO REGISTER TRANSFERS	27
39.	PROCEDURE ON REFUSAL.....	27
40.	CLOSING OF TRANSFER BOOKS	28
41.	ABSENCE OF REGISTRATION FEES.....	28
42.	RETENTION OF TRANSFER INSTRUMENTS	28
43.	DEATH OF MEMBER.....	28
44.	TRANSMISSION ON DEATH OR BANKRUPTCY.....	28
45.	RIGHTS BEFORE REGISTRATION	28
46.	PROVISIONS GIVING EFFECT TO THE MIGRATING SHARES.....	29
47.	DISAPPLICATION OF ARTICLES 15, 16, 17 AND 42 IN RESPECT OF THE MIGRATION	31
48.	PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE MIGRATING SHARES.....	31
49.	LIABILITY OF THE COMPANY, THE DIRECTORS AND THE COMPANY'S SECRETARY..	32
50.	INCREASE OF CAPITAL	33
51.	CONSOLIDATION, SUB-DIVISION AND CANCELLATION OF CAPITAL.....	33
52.	FRACTIONS ON CONSOLIDATION	33
53.	REDUCTION OF CAPITAL.....	33
54.	ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS	34
55.	EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETINGS	34
56.	CONVENING GENERAL MEETINGS	34
57.	NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS	34
58.	QUORUM FOR GENERAL MEETINGS.....	35

59.	CHAIRMAN OF GENERAL MEETINGS.....	35
60.	DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RIGHT TO ATTEND GENERAL MEETINGS	35
61.	ADJOURNMENT OF GENERAL MEETINGS	36
62.	DETERMINATION OF RESOLUTIONS.....	36
63.	ENTITLEMENT TO DEMAND POLL.....	36
64.	TAKING OF A POLL.....	36
65.	VOTES OF MEMBERS	37
66.	CHAIRMAN'S CASTING VOTE.....	37
67.	VOTING BY JOINT HOLDERS	37
68.	VOTING BY INCAPACITATED HOLDERS	37
69.	DEFAULT IN PAYMENT OF CALLS.....	38
70.	TIME FOR OBJECTION TO VOTING.....	38
71.	APPOINTMENT OF PROXY.....	38
72.	DEPOSIT OF PROXY INSTRUMENTS.....	38
73.	ELECTRONIC PROXY	39
74.	EFFECT OF PROXY INSTRUMENTS	40
75.	EFFECT OF REVOCATION OF PROXY OR OF AUTHORISATION.....	40
76.	NUMBER OF DIRECTORS	41
77.	SHARE QUALIFICATION.....	41
78.	ORDINARY REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS.....	41
79.	SPECIAL REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS	41
80.	EXPENSES OF DIRECTORS AND USE OF COMPANY PROPERTY	42
81.	ALTERNATE DIRECTORS.....	42
82.	DIRECTORS' POWERS	43
83.	POWER TO DELEGATE	43
84.	APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEYS.....	43
85.	LOCAL MANAGEMENT	44
86.	BORROWING POWERS.....	44
87.	RETIREMENT BY ROTATION	44
88.	DEEMED REAPPOINTMENT.....	45

89.	ELIGIBILITY FOR APPOINTMENT	45
90.	APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL DIRECTORS.....	45
91.	DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS	46
92.	REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS.	46
93.	EXECUTIVE OFFICES	46
94.	DIRECTORS' INTERESTS	47
95.	RESTRICTION ON DIRECTORS' VOTING	48
96.	ENTITLEMENT TO GRANT PENSIONS	50
97.	CONVENING AND REGULATION OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS	50
98.	VOTING AT DIRECTORS' MEETINGS	50
99.	QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS.....	51
100.	TELECOMMUNICATION MEETINGS.....	51
101.	CHAIRMAN OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS.....	51
102.	VALIDITY OF ACTS OF DIRECTORS	51
103.	DIRECTORS' RESOLUTIONS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS IN WRITING	52
104.	APPOINTMENT OF SECRETARY	52
105.	ASSISTANT OR ACTING SECRETARY	52
106.	USE OF SEAL	52
107.	SIGNATURE OF SEALED INSTRUMENTS	52
108.	SECURITY SEAL	53
109.	SEAL FOR USE ABROAD.....	53
110.	DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS	53
111.	RIGHT OF ELECTION.....	53
112.	INTERIM AND FIXED DIVIDENDS	55
113.	METHOD OF PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS	55
114.	DEDUCTIONS FROM DIVIDENDS	56
115.	DIVIDENDS IN SPECIE	56
116.	PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS AND OTHER MONIES.	56
117.	DIVIDENDS NOT TO BEAR INTEREST.....	57
118.	PAYMENT TO HOLDERS ON A PARTICULAR DATE.....	57

119.	UNCLAIMED DIVIDENDS	57
120.	CAPITALISATION OF DISTRIBUTABLE PROFITS AND RESERVES	58
121.	CAPITALISATION OF NON-DISTRIBUTABLE PROFITS AND RESERVES.....	58
122.	IMPLEMENTATIONS OF CAPITALISATION ISSUES	58
123.	NOTICES IN WRITING.....	59
124.	SERVICE OF NOTICES	59
125.	SERVICE ON JOINT HOLDERS.....	61
126.	SERVICE ON TRANSFER OR TRANSMISSION OF SHARES	61
127.	SIGNATURE TO NOTICES	61
128.	DEEMED RECEIPT OF NOTICES	61
129.	DISTRIBUTION ON WINDING UP.....	61
130.	DISTRIBUTION IN SPECIE	62
131.	INSPECTION OF BOOKS ETC. BY MEMBERS	62
132.	DESTRUCTION OF RECORDS.....	62
133.	UNTRACED SHAREHOLDERS	63
134.	INDEMNITY	64

COMPANIES ACT 2014
PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
KARELIAN DIAMOND RESOURCES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

PART I - PRELIMINARY

1. Interpretation

(a) The following regulations shall apply to the Company and constitute the Articles of the Company for the purposes of the Act.

(b) In these Articles the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

“1996 Regulations”, the Companies Act 1990 (Uncertificated Securities) Regulations, 1996 (S.I. No. 68 of 1996) including any regulations made from time to time under Section 1086 of the Act or any other regulations or statutory provisions having similar effect.

“Act”, the Companies Act 2014 including all Acts of the Oireachtas and statutory instruments which are to be read as one with or construed or read together with the Companies Act 2014 and every statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force or, where the context so admits or requires any one or more of such Acts.

“these Articles”, the Articles of Association of the Company as altered from time to time by Special Resolution.

“Auditors”, the auditors for the time being of the Company.

“central securities depository”, the meaning given to that term in the CSD Regulation.

“Clear Days”, in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect.

“Company”, Karelian Diamond Resources Public Limited Company.

“CSD Regulation”, Regulation (EU) No. 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012.

“Deferred Shares”, deferred shares of €0.00999 in the capital of the Company.

“Directors”, the Directors for the time being of the Company or any of them acting as the board of Directors of the Company.

“Electronic Communication”, the meaning given to such expression in section 2 of the Electronic Commerce Act, 2000.

“electronic signature”, the meaning given to that expression in the Electronic Commerce Act 2000.

“Euroclear Bank”, Euroclear Bank SA/NV, a company incorporated in Belgium.

“Euroclear Nominees”, Euroclear Nominees Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Euroclear Bank, established under the laws of England and Wales with registration number 02369969.

“Holder”, in relation to any share, the member whose name is entered in the Register as the holder of the share.

“Interest”, an interest of any kind whatsoever in shares of the Company disregarding any restraints or restrictions to which the exercise of any right attached to the interest is or may be subject; without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to have an interest in shares in the Company, whether or not the shares in which that person has an interest are identifiable if:-

- (i) he has a right to call for delivery of the shares to himself or to his order or to acquire an interest in such shares or is under an obligation to take such an interest, regardless of whether such right or obligation is conditional or absolute;
- (ii) he has a joint interest in such shares; or
 - A. he enters into a contract for the purchase by him of such shares (whether for cash or other consideration); or
 - B. not being the Holder thereof he is entitled to exercise any right conferred by the holding of the shares concerned or is entitled to Control the exercise of any such right.

“intermediary”, the meaning given to that term in Section 1110A of the Act.

“€” or “euro”, the lawful currency for the time being of Ireland.

“Office”, the registered office for the time being of the Company.

“Ordinary Shares”, ordinary shares of €0.00025 in the capital of the Company.

“Record Date”, means a date and time specified by the Directors (subject to the requirements of the Act) for eligibility for voting at a general meeting.

“Register”, the register of members to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Act.

“Seal”, the common seal of the Company or (where relevant) the official securities seal kept by the Company pursuant to the Act.

“Secretary”, any person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Company including an assistant or Deputy Secretary.

“securities settlement system”, means a securities settlement system (as defined in the CSD Regulation) operated by a central securities depository.

“State”, the Republic of Ireland.

“Stock Exchange”, a stock exchange upon which the Company has sought and obtained a listing for any of its shares.

“Stock Exchange Nominee”, a person designated by law as a nominee of the Stock Exchange.

“Treasury Share”, the meaning as defined by Section 109 of the Act.

“United Kingdom”, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

“warrant to subscribe”, a warrant or certificate or similar document indicating the right of the registered holder thereof (other than under a share option scheme for employees) to subscribe for shares in the Company.

(c) For the purposes of these Articles, a person shall be deemed to Control the following:-

(i) a body corporate where:-

- A. that body or its directors are accustomed to act in accordance with the person's directions or instructions; or
- B. the person is entitled, directly or indirectly, to exercise or control the exercise of 30 per cent or more of the voting power at general meetings of that body corporate; and

(ii) any trust, society or other association where:-

- A. such entity is operated in accordance with the person's directions or instructions; or
- B. the person is entitled, directly or indirectly, to exercise or control the exercise of 30 per cent or more of the rights to vote on all, or substantially all, matters or, where under such entity's constitution matters are not decided on by the exercise of voting rights, the person is able, directly or indirectly, to direct its overall policy or alter its constitution;

and the word “Control”, shall be construed accordingly.

- (iii) Expressions in these Articles referring to writing shall be construed, unless the contrary intention appears, as including references to printing, lithography, photography and any other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form provided however that it shall not include writing in electronic form except as provided in these Articles and/or where it constitutes writing in electronic form sent to the Company, the Company has agreed to its receipt in such form. Expressions in these Articles referring to execution of any document shall include any mode of execution whether under seal or under hand or any mode of electronic signature as shall be approved by the Directors. Expressions in the Articles referring to receipt of any Electronic Communications shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be limited to receipt in such manner as the Company has approved.
- (d) Unless specifically defined herein or the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company.
- (e) References to Articles are to Articles of these Articles and any reference in an Article to a paragraph or sub-paragraph shall be a reference to a paragraph or sub-paragraph of the Article in which the reference is contained unless it appears from the context that a reference to some other provision is intended.
- (f) The headings and captions included in these Articles are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not be considered a part of or affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- (g) References in these Articles to any enactment or any section or provision thereof shall mean such enactment, section or provision as the same may be amended and may be from time to time and for the time being in force.
- (h) References herein to an uncertificated share or to a share being held in uncertificated form are references to that share being an uncertificated unit of a security, and references to a certificated share or to a share being in certificated form are references to that share being a unit of a security which is not an uncertificated unit of a security.
- (i) In these Articles the masculine gender shall include the feminine and neuter, and vice versa, and the singular number shall include the plural, and vice versa, and words importing persons shall include firms or companies.
- (j) Without prejudice to Section 1007(4) of the Act and save as otherwise expressly provided in these Articles, where a provision of these Articles covers substantially the same subject matter as any optional provisions (as defined in Section 1007(2) of the Act) any such optional provisions shall be deemed not to apply to the Company and for the avoidance of doubt, these Articles shall be deemed to have effect and prevail over the terms of such optional provisions.

PART II - SHARE CAPITAL AND RIGHTS

2. Share Capital

A The authorised share capital of the Company is €5,000,000 divided into 7,301,310,041 ordinary shares of €0.00025 each (“Ordinary Shares”) and 317,785,034 deferred shares of €0.00999 each (“Deferred Shares”).

B The Deferred Shares have the following rights and privileges and are subject to the following limitations:

(i) **AS REGARDS INCOME:**

The Deferred Shares shall not be entitled to any dividends or to any other right or participation in the profits of the Company.

(ii) **AS REGARDS CAPITAL:**

On a return of assets on liquidation, each Deferred Share shall confer on the holder(s) thereof an entitlement to receive out of the assets of the Company available for distribution amongst the members (subject to the rights of any new class of shares with preferred rights) the amount paid up or credited as paid up on the Deferred Share after (but only after) payment shall have been made to the holders of the ordinary shares of €0.00001 each of the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on such shares and the sum of €1,000,000 in respect of each ordinary share held by them respectively. The holder(s) of the Deferred Shares shall have no further right to participate in the assets of the Company.

(iii) **AS REGARDS VOTING:**

The holder(s) of the Deferred Shares shall not be entitled to vote upon any resolution and shall not be entitled to receive notice of, attend any general meeting or be part of the quorum thereof.

(iv) **AS REGARDS VARIATION OF RIGHTS:**

Any reduction of capital involving the cancellation of the Deferred Shares for no consideration shall not be deemed to be a variation of the rights attaching to such deferred shares nor a modification or abrogation of the rights or privileges attaching to the Deferred Shares and accordingly the Deferred Shares may at any time be cancelled for no consideration by a Special Resolution passed by the holders of the ordinary shares without notice thereof being given to the holder(s) of the Deferred Shares and without any sanction or approval on the part of any holder(s) of the Deferred Shares.

(v) **FURTHER ISSUES:**

The special rights conferred upon the holder(s) of the Deferred Shares shall be deemed not to be modified, varied or abrogated by the creation

or issue of further shares ranking pari passu with or in priority to the Deferred Shares.

3. **Rights of Shares on Issue**

Without prejudice to any special rights conferred on the Holders of any existing shares or class of shares and subject to the provisions of the Act, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions (except, in the case of any share to be listed on the Stock Exchange, restrictions on transferability) as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine.

4. **Redeemable Shares**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, any shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company or the Holder are, liable to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company may determine.

5. **Variation of Rights**

- (a) Whenever the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class may be varied or abrogated with the consent in writing of the Holders of three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the Holders of the shares of the class, and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up. The quorum at any such separate general meeting, other than an adjourned meeting, shall be two persons holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class in question and the quorum at an adjourned meeting shall be one person holding shares of the class in question or his proxy.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to any shares and without prejudice to any such provisions, the rights attached to any shares (“the Existing Shares”) shall be deemed to be varied by the reduction of the capital paid up on the Existing Shares or by the allotment of any shares created after the date of first creation of the class of the Existing Shares which rank in priority for payment of a dividend or in respect of capital or confer on the holders thereof voting rights more favourable than those conferred by the Existing Shares, but shall not otherwise be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares or by any purchase or redemption by the Company of its own shares.

6. **Trusts not Recognised**

- (a) Except as required by law or as provided in Article 6(b), no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as by these Articles or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the Holder. This shall not preclude the Company from requiring the members or a transferee of

shares to furnish the Company with information as to the beneficial ownership of any share where such information is reasonably required by the Company.

- (b) Where shares are registered in the name of a nominee of a central securities depository acting in its capacity as operator of a securities settlement system (including, without limitation, where shares are held by Euroclear Nominees as nominee of Euroclear Bank) all rights attaching to such shares may be exercised on the instructions of the central securities depository and the Company shall have no liability to such nominee (including Euroclear Nominees) where it acts in response to such instructions.

7. Disclosure of Interests

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of the immediately preceding Article, the Directors, at any time and from time to time if, in their absolute discretion, they consider it to be in the interests of the Company to do so, may give a notice to the Holder or Holders of any share (or any of them) requiring such Holder or Holders to notify the Company in writing within such period as may be specified in such notice (which shall not in the case of a Holder or Holders of not less than 0.25 per cent of the class of shares concerned be less than fourteen days or in any other case be less than twenty eight days from the date of service of such notice) of full and accurate particulars of all or any of the following matters, namely:-
 - (i) his interest in such share;
 - (ii) if his interest in the share does not consist of the entire beneficial interest in it, the interests of all persons having any beneficial interest (direct or indirect) in the share (provided that one joint Holder of a share shall not be obliged to give particulars of interests of persons in the share which arise only through another joint Holder);
 - (iii) any arrangements (whether legally binding or not) entered into by him or any person having any beneficial interest in the share whereby it has been agreed or undertaken or the Holder of such share can be required to transfer the share or any interest therein to any person (other than a joint Holder of the share) or to act in relation to any meeting of the Company or of any class of shares of the Company in a particular way or in accordance with the wishes or directions of any other person (other than a person who is a joint Holder of such share); and
 - (iv) any information which the Company is entitled to seek pursuant to Section 1062 or Section 1110B of the Act.
- (b) If, pursuant to any notice given under paragraph (a) of this Article, the person stated to own any beneficial interest in a share or the person in favour of whom any Holder (or other person having any beneficial interest in the share) has entered into any arrangements referred to in sub-paragraph (a)(iii) of this Article, is a body corporate, trust, society or any other legal entity or association of individuals and/or entities, the Directors, at any time and from time to time if, in their absolute discretion, they consider it to be in the best interests of the

Company to do so, may give a notice to the Holder or Holders of such share (or any of them) requiring such Holder or Holders to notify the Company in writing within such period as may be specified in such notice (which shall not be less than twenty-eight days from the date of service of such notice) of full and accurate particulars of the name and addresses of the individuals who control (whether directly or indirectly and through any number of vehicles, entities or arrangements) the beneficial ownership of all the shares, interests, units or other measure of ownership of such body corporate, trust, society or other entity or association wherever the same shall be incorporated, registered or domiciled or wherever such individuals shall reside provided that if at any stage of such chain of ownership the beneficial interest in any share shall be established to the satisfaction of the Directors to be in the ownership of any body corporate any of whose share capital is listed or dealt in on any bona fide stock exchange, unlisted securities market or over-the-counter securities market, it shall not be necessary to disclose details of the individuals ultimately controlling the beneficial interests in the shares of such body corporate.

- (c) Where an intermediary receives a notice under paragraphs (a) and/or (b) of this Article pursuant to Section 1110B and is in possession or control of the information to which such notice relates, it shall as soon as practicable provide the Company with that information. Any intermediary that receives such a notice and is not in possession or control of the information to which it relates shall as soon as practicable:
 - (i) inform the Company that it is not in possession or control of the information;
 - (ii) where the intermediary is part of a chain of intermediaries, transmit the request to each other intermediary in the chain known to the first-mentioned intermediary as being part of the chain; and
 - (iii) provide the Company with the details of each intermediary, if any, to which the request has been transmitted under paragraph (c)(ii) of this Article.
- (d) The Directors, if they think fit, may give notices under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Article at the same time on the basis that the notice given pursuant to paragraph (b) shall be contingent upon disclosure of certain facts pursuant to a notice given pursuant to paragraph (a).
- (e) The Directors may require (before or after the receipt of any written particulars under this Article) any such particulars to be verified by statutory declaration.
- (f) The Directors may serve any notice pursuant to the terms of this Article irrespective of whether or not the Holder on whom it shall be served may be dead, bankrupt, insolvent or otherwise incapacitated and no such incapacity or any unavailability of information or inconvenience or hardship in obtaining the same shall be a satisfactory reason for failure to comply with any such notice provided that if the Directors in their absolute discretion think fit, they may waive compliance in whole or in part with any notice given under this Article in respect of a share in any case of bona fide unavailability of information or

genuine hardship or where they otherwise think fit but no such waiver shall prejudice or affect in any way any non-compliance not so waived whether by the Holder concerned or any other joint Holder of the share or by any person to whom a notice may be given at any time.

- (g) For the purpose of establishing whether or not the terms of any notice served under this Article shall have been complied with the decision of the Directors in this regard shall be final and conclusive and shall bind all persons interested.
- (h) The provisions of this Article and Article 8 are in addition to, and do not limit, any other right or power of the Company, including any right vested in or power granted to the Company by the Act.
- (i) Unless otherwise required by applicable law, where a notice is served pursuant to the terms of this Article on the holder of a share and such holder is a central securities depository (or its nominee(s)) acting in its capacity as operator of a securities settlement system, the obligations of the central securities depository (or its nominee(s)) as a holder pursuant to this Article shall be limited to disclosing to the Company in accordance with this Article such information relating to the ownership of or interests in the share concerned as has been recorded by it pursuant to the rules made and practices instituted by the central securities depository, provided that nothing in this Article shall in any other way restrict the powers of the Directors under this Article.

8. **Restriction of Rights**

- (a) If at any time the Directors shall determine that a Specified Event (as defined by paragraph (h)) shall have occurred in relation to any share or shares, the Directors may serve a notice to such effect on the Holder or Holders thereof. Upon the expiry of fourteen days from the service of any such notice, such notice (in these Articles referred to as a “Restriction Notice”), for so long as such Restriction Notice shall remain in force:-
 - (i) no Holder or Holders of the share or shares specified in such Restriction Notice (in these Articles referred to as “Specified Shares”) shall be entitled to attend, speak or vote either personally, by representative or by proxy at any general meeting of the Company or at any separate general meeting of the class of shares concerned or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting; and
 - (ii) the Directors shall, where the Specified Shares represent not less than 0.25 per cent of the class of shares concerned, be entitled:-
 - A. to withhold payment of any dividend or other amount payable (including shares issuable in lieu of dividend) in respect of the Specified Shares; and/or
 - B. to refuse to register any transfer of the Specified Shares or any renunciation of any allotment of new shares or debentures made in respect thereof unless such transfer or renunciation is shown to the satisfaction of the Directors to be a bona fide transfer or a

renunciation to another beneficial owner unconnected with the Holder or any person appearing to have an interest in the Specified Shares (subject always to the provisions of paragraph 8(b) and (i).

- (b) A Restriction Notice shall be cancelled by the Directors not later than seven days after the Holder or Holders or other relevant person concerned shall have remedied the default by virtue of which the Specified Event shall have occurred. A Restriction Notice in respect of any Specified Share shall automatically cease to have effect in respect of any shares on receipt by the Company of evidence satisfactory to it that the shares have been sold to a bona fide unconnected third party (in particular by way of sale through the Stock Exchange or an overseas exchange or by acceptance of a takeover offer) or upon registration of the relevant transfer provided that a Restriction Notice shall not cease to have effect in respect of any transfer where no change in the beneficial ownership of the share shall occur and for this purpose it shall be assumed that no such change has occurred where a transfer form in respect of the share is presented for registration having been stamped at a reduced rate of stamp duty by virtue of the transferor or transferee claiming to be entitled to such reduced rate as a result of the transfer being one where no beneficial interest passes.
- (c) The Directors shall cause a notation to be made in the Register against the name of any Holder or Holders in respect of whom a Restriction Notice shall have been served indicating the number of the Specified Shares and shall cause such notation to be deleted upon cancellation or cesser of such Restriction Notice.
- (d) Any determination of the Directors and any notice served by them pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall be conclusive as against the Holder or Holders of any share and the validity of any notice served by the Directors in pursuance of this Article shall not be questioned by any person.
- (e) If, while any Restriction Notice shall remain in force in respect of any Specified Shares, any further shares shall be issued in respect thereof pursuant to a capitalisation issue made in pursuance of these Articles, the Restriction Notice shall be deemed also to apply in respect of such further shares which shall as from the date of issue thereof form part of the Specified Shares for all purposes of this Article.
- (f) Where a Restriction Notice is served on a central securities depository, or its nominee(s) acting in its capacity as operator of a securities settlement system, the provisions of the Article shall be treated as applying to such number of shares as is equal to the number of Specified Shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s) and not to any shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s).
- (g) On the cancellation of any Restriction Notice the Company shall pay to the Holder (or, in the case of joint Holders, the first named Holder) on the Register in respect of the Specified Shares as of the record date for any such dividend so withheld, all such amounts as have been withheld pursuant to the provisions of this Article subject always to the provisions of Article 119 which shall be deemed to apply, mutatis mutandis, to any amount so withheld.

- (h) For the purposes of these Articles the expression “Specified Event” in relation to any share shall mean any of the following events:-
 - (i) the failure of the Holder or Holders thereof to pay any call or instalment of a call in the manner and at the time appointed for payment thereof;
 - (ii) the failure by the Holder thereof or any of the Holders thereof to comply, to the satisfaction of the Directors, with all or any of the terms of Article 7 in respect of any notice or notices given to him or any of them thereunder; or
 - (iii) the failure by the Holder thereof or any of the Holders thereof to comply, to the satisfaction of the Directors, with the terms of any notice given to him or any of them pursuant to the provisions of Section 1062 of the Act or Section 1110B of the Act.
- (i) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (a)(ii) of this Article, the Directors shall be required to accept as an arm's length transfer to another beneficial owner, any transfer which is presented for registration in pursuance of:-
 - (i) any bona fide sale made on any bona fide stock exchange, unlisted securities market or over-the-counter exchange; or
 - (ii) the acceptance of any general offer made to all the Holders of any class of shares in the capital of the Company.

9. Allotment of Shares

- (a) Subject to the provisions of these Articles relating to new shares, the shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and (subject to the provisions of the Act) they may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons on such terms and conditions and at such times as they may consider to be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders, but so that no share shall be issued at a discount and so that, in the case of shares offered to the public for subscription, the amount payable on application on each share shall not be less than one-quarter of the nominal amount of the share and the whole of any premium thereon.
- (b) The Company may issue warrants to subscribe (by whatever name they are called) to any person to whom the Company has granted the right to subscribe for shares in the Company (other than under a share option scheme for employees) certifying the right of the registered Holder thereof to subscribe for shares in the Company upon such terms and conditions as the right may have been granted.
- (c) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred on the Directors by the other paragraphs of this Article and the powers and rights of the Directors under or in connection with any share option schemes or arrangements which were adopted or entered into by the Company prior to the adoption of these Articles of Association, the Directors may grant from time to time options to subscribe for the unallotted shares in the capital of the Company to persons in

the service or employment of the Company or any subsidiary or associated company of the Company (including Directors holding executive offices) on such terms and subject to such conditions as may be approved from time to time by the Directors or by any committee thereof appointed by the Directors for the purpose of such approval.

- (d) If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment when due shall be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being shall be the registered Holder of the share.

10. **Allotment Authority.**

- (a) The Directors shall, for the purposes of Section 1021 of the Act, be generally and unconditionally authorised to allot and issue relevant securities (as defined by Section 1021(12) of the Act) up to an amount equal to the authorised but unissued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption of these Articles and to allot and issue any shares purchased by the Company pursuant to the provision of the Act and held as Treasury Shares.
- (b) The authority conferred by this Article 10 shall expire five years after the date of adoption of these Articles but may be renewed, varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting. The Company may make any offer of agreement before the expiry of this authority which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after this authority has expired and the Directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of any such offer or agreement.

11. **Section 1023 Authority.**

Subject to the Directors being generally authorised pursuant to Section 1021 of the Act and to the passing of a special resolution of the Company empowering the Directors so to do, the Directors, pursuant to and on and subject to the provisions of Section 1023 of the Act, may (for so long as any and at any time that such empowerment shall remain in full force and effect) allot equity securities (as defined by Section 1023 of the Act) for cash pursuant to the authority conferred by the said Section 1021 as if Section 1022 did not apply to any such allotment provided that such powers shall be limited to:-

- (a) the allotment of equity securities (including, without limitation any shares purchased by the Company pursuant to the provisions of the Act and held as Treasury Shares) in connection with any offer of securities, open for a period fixed by the Directors, by way of rights, open offer or otherwise in favour of ordinary shareholders and/or any persons having a right to subscribe for or convert securities into ordinary shares in the capital of the Company (including, without limitation, any person entitled to options under any of the Company's share option schemes for the time being) and subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised body or stock exchange in, any territory; and
- (b) (in addition to the authority conferred by paragraph (a)), the allotment of equity securities (including, without limitation, any shares purchased by the Company

pursuant to the provisions of the Act and held as Treasury Shares) up to a maximum aggregate nominal value of fifty per cent of the issued Ordinary share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of these Articles or, in respect of any renewal of this authority, at the close of business on the date on which such renewal shall be granted.

12. **Purchase of Own Shares.**

- (a) Subject to the provisions of, and to the extent permitted by, the Act, to any rights conferred on the Holders of any class of shares and to the following paragraphs of this Article, the Company may purchase any of its shares of any class (the "Acquired Shares" or "Acquired Share", as appropriate) on such terms and conditions and in such manner as the Directors may from time to time determine, , cancel any shares so purchased or hold them as Treasury Shares, with liberty to re-issue any such share or shares of any class or classes.
- (b) The Company shall not exercise any authority granted under Section 1074 of the Act to make market purchases of its own shares unless the authority required by such Section shall have been granted by special resolution of the Company (a "Section 1074 Resolution").
- (c) The Company shall not be required to select the Acquired Shares to be purchased on a pro rata basis or in any particular manner as between the Holders of shares of the same class or as between the Holders of shares of different classes or in accordance with the rights as to dividends or capital attached to any class of shares.
- (d) For the purposes of any Section 1074 Resolution:-
 - (i) the aggregate nominal value of the Acquired Shares authorised to be acquired pursuant to any such Section 1074 Resolution shall not exceed 10 per cent of the aggregate nominal value of the aggregate share capital of the Company as at the close of business on the date of the passing of such Section 1074 Resolution;
 - (ii) the minimum price which may be paid for any Acquired Share shall be the nominal value thereof;
 - (iii) the maximum price which may be paid for any Acquired Share (a "Relevant Share") shall be an amount equal to 105 per cent of the higher of:-
 - A. the average of the Relevant Price for shares of the same class as the Relevant Share in respect of each of the ten business days immediately preceding the day on which the Relevant Share is purchased; and
 - B. (if there shall be any), the average of the middle market prices for shares of the same class as the Relevant Share, as derived from the Stock Exchange Daily Official List (or any successor publication

thereto), for the ten business days immediately preceding the day on which the Relevant Share is purchased; and

- (iv) for the purposes of sub-paragraph (iii), the expression "Relevant Price" shall mean, in respect of any business day on which there shall be a dealing on the Stock Exchange (or such other stock exchange as may succeed to its function) in respect of shares of the same class as the Relevant Share, the closing quotation price in respect of such shares for such business day as published in the Stock Exchange Daily Official List (or any successor publication thereto) and, in respect of any business day on which there shall be no such dealing, the price which is equal to (x) the mid-point between the high and low market guide prices in respect of such shares for such business day as published in the Stock Exchange Daily Official List (or any successor publication thereto), or (y) if there shall be only one such market guide price so published, the market guide price so published.

13. **Re-Issue of Treasury Shares.**

For the purposes of any resolution of the Company proposing to determine, in accordance with Section 109 of the Act, the re-issue price range at which any Treasury Shares for the time being held by the Company may be re-issued off-market:-

- (a) the maximum price at which a Treasury Share may be re-issued off-market shall be an amount equal to 120 per cent of the Appropriate Price;
- (b) the minimum price at which a Treasury Share may be re-issued off-market shall be an amount equal to 95 per cent of the Appropriate Price;
- (c) for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b), the expression "Appropriate Price" shall mean the higher of:-
 - (i) the average of the Relevant Price for shares of the class of which such Treasury Share is to be re-issued in respect of each of the ten business days immediately preceding the day on which the Treasury Share is re-issued; and
 - (ii) (if there shall be any), the average of the middle market prices for shares of the class of which such Treasury Share is to be re-issued, as derived from the Stock Exchange Daily Official List (or any successor publication thereto), for the ten business days immediately preceding the day on which the such Treasury Share is re-issued; and
- (d) for the purposes of sub-paragraph (c)(i), the expression "Relevant Price" shall mean, in respect of any business day on which there shall be a dealing on the Irish Exchange in respect of shares of the class of which the Treasury Share is to be re-issued, the closing quotation price in respect of such shares for such business day as published in the Irish Exchange Daily Official List (or any successor publication thereto) and, in respect of any business day on which there shall be no such dealing, the price which is equal to (x) the mid-point between the high and low market guide prices in respect of such shares for such

business day as published in the Irish Exchange Daily Official List (or any successor publication thereto), or (y) if there shall be only one such market guide price so published, the market guide price so published.

14. Payment of Commission

The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. On any issue of shares the Company may also pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

PART III - SHARE CERTIFICATES

15. Issue of Certificates

- (a) Except in relation to a Stock Exchange Nominee in respect of whom the Company is not by law required to complete and have ready for delivery a certificate, the Company shall issue to a member without payment within two months after allotment or lodgement of a transfer to him of the shares in respect of which he is so registered (or, in respect of shares allotted to him, within one month after the expiration of any right of renunciation in respect thereof) one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the Directors may determine provided that the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons. The obligation on the Company to issue a new certificate under this Article or to issue a new, balance, exchange or replacement certificate under any other provision of these Articles shall be subject always to the provisions of the CSD Regulation (including, without limitation, Article 3(1) thereof) and any other applicable law.
- (b) Delivery of a certificate to one joint Holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.
- (c) The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as joint Holders of any share (except in the case of executors or trustees of a deceased member).
- (d) Every certificate shall be sealed with the Seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon.
- (e) The Company may, if and to the extent the law for the time being so permits, send or supply share certificates to members of the Company by means of Electronic Communication.

16. Balance and Exchange Certificates

- (a) Where some only of the shares comprised in a share certificate are transferred the old certificate shall be cancelled and a new certificate for the balance of such shares shall be issued in lieu without charge.

- (b) Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any member at his request may be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu, without charge unless the Directors otherwise determine. If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Directors may comply, if they think fit, with such request.

17. Replacement of Certificates

If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost, stolen or destroyed, it may be replaced on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of any exceptional expenses incurred by the Company in investigating evidence or in relation to any indemnity as the Directors may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

PART IV - LIEN ON SHARES

18. Extent of Lien

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The Directors, at any time, may declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article. The Company's lien on a share shall extend to all moneys payable in respect of it.

19. Power of Sale

The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors determine any share on which the Company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen Clear Days after notice demanding payment, and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold, has been given to the Holder of the share or to the person entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the Holder.

20. Power to Effect Transfer

To give effect to a sale the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall be entered in the Register as the Holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale, and after the name of the transferee has been entered in the Register, the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively. Where a share, which is to be sold as provided for in this Part, is held in uncertificated form, the Directors may authorise some person to do all that is necessary under the 1996 Regulations or otherwise to change such share into certificated form prior to its sale under this Part.

21. Proceeds of Sale

The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable and any residue (upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

PART V - CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

22. Making of Calls

Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares and each member (subject to receiving at least fourteen Clear Days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) shall pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may be revoked before receipt by the Company of a sum due thereunder, in whole or in part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or in part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.

23. Time of Call

A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed.

24. Liability of Joint Holders.

The joint Holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

25. Interest on Calls

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the Directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

26. Interest on Moneys Advanced

The Directors, if they think fit, may receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may pay (until the same would, but for such advance, become payable) interest at such rate, not exceeding (unless the Company in general meeting otherwise directs) fifteen per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Directors and the member paying such sum in advance, but any sum paid in excess of the amount for the time being called up shall not be included or taken into account in ascertaining the amount of the dividend payable on the shares in respect of which such advance has been made.

27. Instalments treated as Calls

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

28. Power to Differentiate

Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the Holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

29. Notice Requiring Payment

- (a) If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors, at any time thereafter during such times as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, may serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued.
- (b) The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen Clear Days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- (c) If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with then, at any time thereafter before the payment required by the notice has been made, any shares in respect of which the notice has been given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. The forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.
- (d) On the trial or hearing of any action for the recovery of any money due for any call it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the Register as the Holder, or one of the Holders, of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued, that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these Articles, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

30. Forfeiture

If the requirements of any notice given in accordance with the immediately preceding Article are not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. The forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys

payable in respect of the forfeited share and not paid before the forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.

31. Power of Disposal

A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors think fit and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal such a share is to be transferred to any person, the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and thereupon he shall be registered as the Holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share. Where a share, which is to be sold as provided for in this Part, is held in uncertificated form, the Directors may authorise some person to do all that is necessary under the 1996 Regulations to change such share into certificated form prior to its sale under this Part.

32. Effect of Forfeiture or Surrender

A person whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of such shares and shall deliver to the Company for cancellation the share certificate or certificates in respect of such shares, but nevertheless shall remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture or surrender, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares together with all interest thereon to the date of payment at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act), but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares.

33. Statutory Declaration

A statutory declaration that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been forfeited on the date specified in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.

34. Non-Payment of Sums Due on Share Issues

The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

PART VI - TRANSFER OF SHARES

35. Form of Instrument of Transfer

Subject to such of the restrictions of these Articles, Article 3(2) of the CSD Regulation, the Act and to such of the conditions of issue or transfer contained in these Articles as may be applicable, the means of transferring title and evidence thereof shall be either

by way of an instrument in writing in accordance with and subject to the provision of paragraph (a) below or by way of electronic means in accordance with and subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) below.

- (a) An instrument of transfer of any share shall be:-
 - (i) in writing in any usual form;
 - (ii) in any other form which the directors may approve.
- (b) Title to any shares in the Company may also be evidenced and transferred by electronic means without a written instrument in accordance with the 1996 Regulations or where permitted by the Act. The directors shall have the power to implement any arrangements they think fit for such evidencing and transfer which accord with such regulations and in particular shall where they consider it appropriate be entitled to disapply, vary or amend all or any part of the provisions in these Articles with respect to the requirement for written instruments of transfer and share certificates or where such provisions are inconsistent with such statutory regulations as aforesaid, in order to give effect to such regulations.
- (c) The Company, at its absolute discretion and insofar as the Act or any other applicable law permits, may, or may procure that a subsidiary of the Company shall, pay Irish stamp duty arising on a transfer of shares on behalf of the transferee of such shares of the Company. If stamp duty resulting from the transfer of shares in the Company which would otherwise be payable by the transferee is paid by the Company or any subsidiary of the Company on behalf of the transferee, then in those circumstances, the Company shall, on its behalf or on behalf of its subsidiary (as the case may be), be entitled to (i) seek reimbursement of the stamp duty from the transferee, (ii) set-off the stamp duty against any dividends payable to the transferee of those shares and (iii) to claim a first and paramount lien on the shares on which stamp duty has been paid by the Company or its subsidiary for the amount of stamp duty paid.

36. Execution of Instrument of Transfer

- (a) The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor or alternatively for and on behalf of the transferor by the Secretary (or such other person as may be nominated by the Secretary for this purpose) on behalf of the Company, and the Company, the Secretary (or relevant nominee) shall be deemed to have been irrevocably appointed agent for the transferor of such share or shares with full power to execute, complete and deliver in the name of and on behalf of the transferor of such share or shares all such transfers of shares held by the holders in the share capital of the Company. An instrument of transfer need not be executed by the transferee save that if the share concerned (or one or more of the shares concerned) is not fully paid, the instrument shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of these Articles and subject to any regulations made under Section 1086 of the Act, title to any shares in the Company may also be evidenced and transferred without a written instrument in accordance the 1996 Regulations or where permitted by the Act. The Directors shall have power to implement any arrangements they think fit for such evidencing and transfer which accord with such regulations and/or statutory provisions and in particular shall, where appropriate, be entitled to disapply or modify all or part of the provisions in these Articles with respect to the requirement for written instruments of transfer and share certificates, in order to give effect to such regulations and/or statutory provisions.

37. Status of Holder

Any instrument of transfer in writing shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and (except in the case of fully paid shares) by the transferee. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.

38. Refusal to Register Transfers

- (a) Section 95(1) of the Act shall not apply to the Company.
- (b) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, refuse to register:-
 - (i) the transfer of a share or any renunciation of any allotment made in respect of a share which is not fully paid; or
 - (ii) the transfer of a share to or by a minor or person of unsound mind or any renunciation of a share to any such person.
- (c) The Directors may also refuse to register any instrument of transfer or any renunciation of any allotment made in respect of a share, (whether or not it is in respect of a fully paid share) unless it is:-
 - (i) lodged at the Office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate (if any) for the shares to which it relates (save in the case of a transfer by a Stock Exchange Nominee) and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer or renunciation;
 - (ii) in respect of one class of share only; and
 - (iii) in favour of not more than four transferees.

39. Procedure on Refusal

If the Directors refuse to register a transfer then, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, they shall send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

40. **Closing of Transfer Books**

The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in each year) as the Directors may determine.

41. **Absence of Registration Fees**

Notwithstanding Section 95(2)(a) of the Act, no fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.

42. **Retention of Transfer Instruments**

The Company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

PART VII - TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

43. **Death of Member**

If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint Holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole Holder or the only survivor of joint Holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.

44. **Transmission on Death or Bankruptcy**

A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, liquidation or insolvency of a member or otherwise becoming entitled to share by operation of law, directive or regulation (whether in the State or elsewhere) may elect, upon such evidence of title being produced as the Directors may properly require, either to become the Holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the Holder he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person and if the Directors are satisfied with the evidence of title produced to them, they may register such person as the holder of the share, subject to the Act and the other provisions of these Articles. All of these Articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the event giving rise to the entitlement of the relevant person to the shares had not occurred.

45. **Rights before Registration**

A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of any of the circumstances set out in Articles 44 (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the Holder of the share, except that, before being registered as the Holder of the share, he shall not be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the Holders of any class of

shares in the Company, so, however, that the Directors, at any time, may give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share and, if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Directors thereupon may withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

PART VIII - MIGRATION

46. Provisions Giving Effect to the Migrating Shares

To give effect to the Migration (as defined below), each holder of the Migrating Shares is deemed to have consented and agreed to the following:

- (a) the Company is irrevocably instructed to appoint any person (including any officer or employee of the Company, the Company's Registrar, Euroclear Bank and/or EUJ) as attorney or agent for the holders of the Migrating Shares to do everything necessary to complete the transfer of the Migrating Shares to Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing) and do all such other things and execute and deliver all such documents and electronic communications as may be required by Euroclear Bank or as may, in the opinion of such attorney or agent, be necessary or desirable to vest the Migrating Shares in Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing) and, pending such vesting, to exercise all such rights attaching to the Migrating Shares as Euroclear Bank and/or Euroclear Nominees may direct;
- (b) the Company's Registrar and/or the Secretary may complete the registration of the transfer of the Migrating Shares as described in this Part VIII by registering the Migrating Shares in the name of Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing) without having to furnish the former holder of the Migrating Shares with any evidence of transfer or receipt;
- (c) that once registered in the name of Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing):
 - (i) the Migrating Shares are to be held on a fungible basis so that a holder of any of the Migrating Shares shall not be entitled to require the return of exactly the same Participating Securities as are transferred on its behalf as part of the Migration;
 - (ii) Euroclear Bank and Euroclear Nominees are authorised to credit the interests of such holders of the Migrating Shares in the relevant Migrating Shares (i.e. the Belgian Law Rights representing the Migrating Shares to which such holder was entitled) to the account of the CREST Nominee (CIN (Belgium) Limited) in the Euroclear System, as nominee and for the benefit of the CREST Depository (or the account of such other nominee(s) of the CREST Depository as it may determine);
 - (iii) Euroclear Bank and Euroclear Nominees are authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the CREST Depository to hold

the interests in the Migrating Shares referred to in paragraph (c)(ii) above on trust pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise and for the benefit of the holders of the CDIs (being the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares); and

- (iv) Euroclear Bank and Euroclear Nominees are authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the issuance of CDIs by the CREST Depository to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares, including any action necessary or desirable in order to authorise Euroclear Bank, Euroclear Nominees, the CREST Nominee and/or any other relevant entity to instruct the CREST Depository and/or EUI to issue the CDIs to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise
- (d) the Company's Registrar, the Secretary and/or EUI releasing such personal data of the holder of the Migrating Shares to the extent required by Euroclear Bank, the CREST Depository and/or EUI to effect the Migration and the issue of the CDIs;
- (e) the attorney or agent appointed pursuant to this Part VIII is empowered to do all or any of the following on behalf of the holders of the Migrating Shares:
 - (i) procure the issue by the Company's Registrar of such instructions in the Euroclear System or otherwise as are necessary or desirable to give effect to the Migration and the related admission of the Migrating Shares to the Euroclear System referred to in the Circular (including the procedures and processes described in the EB Migration Guide), including but not limited to the issuing by the Company's Registrar of the instructions referred to as MT 540 MKUP and MT 544 instructions in the EB Migration Guide and the EB Services Description in respect of the Migrating Shares and any other instructions as may be deemed necessary or desirable in order for:
 - A. the interests in the Migrating Shares referred to in Article 46(c)(ii) to be credited to the account of the CREST Nominee (CIN (Belgium) Limited) in the Euroclear System, as nominee and for the benefit of the CREST Depository (or the account of such other nominee(s) of the CREST Depository as it may determine);
 - B. Euroclear Bank and/or Euroclear Nominees to be authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the CREST Depository to hold the interests in the Migrating Shares referred to in sub-paragraph (A) above on trust pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise and for the benefit of the holders of the CDIs (being the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares); and
 - C. Euroclear Bank and/or Euroclear Nominees to be authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the issuance of CDIs by the CREST Depository to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares, including any action necessary or desirable in

order to authorise Euroclear Bank, Euroclear Nominees, the CREST Nominee and/or any other relevant entity to instruct the CREST Depository and/or EUI to issue the CDIs to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise;

- (ii) withdraw any Participating Securities from CREST and instruct the Company's Registrar, the Secretary and/or EUI to do all that is necessary so that the Register shall record such Participating Securities as no longer being in uncertificated form;
 - (iii) execute and deliver a form or forms of transfer or other instrument(s) or instruction(s) of transfer on behalf of the holders of the Migrating Shares in favour of Euroclear Nominees or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing; and
 - (iv) execute and deliver such agreements or other documentation, electronic communications and instructions as may be required in connection with the admission of the Migrating Shares and any interest in them to the Euroclear System.
- (f) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in these Articles, the Company shall not be obliged to issue any certificates to Euroclear Nominees or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing following such transfers. For the purpose of this Part VIII, the following words and expressions shall have the same meaning as defined in the circular issued by the Company on 25 January 2021 and dated 22 January 2021 (the "Circular"): "Belgian Law Rights", "Company's Registrar", "CREST", "CREST Deed Poll", "CREST Nominee", "CREST Depository", "EB Migration Guide", "EB Services Description", "EUI", "Euroclear System", "Migration", "Migrating Shares" and "Participating Securities".

47. Disapplication of Articles 15, 16, 17 and 42 in Respect of the Migration

Articles 15, 16, 17, and 42 shall not apply to the Migration as approved by the Directors.

48. Provisions Relating to the Migrating Shares

Notwithstanding anything in these Articles to the contrary and subject to the rules of the applicable central securities depository, the Directors may permit any class of shares to be held, and trades in those shares to be settled, through a securities settlement system operated by a central securities depository. Without prejudice to the generality and effectiveness of the foregoing:

- (a) the Directors may make such arrangements or regulations (if any) as they may from time to time in their absolute discretion think fit for the purpose of implementing and/or supplementing the provisions of this Part VIII and the Migration and the facilities and requirements of the securities settlement system and such arrangements and regulations (as the case may be) shall have the same effect as if set out in this Part VIII;

- (b) the Directors may utilise the securities settlement system to the fullest extent available from time to time in the exercise of the Company's powers or functions under the Act or these Articles or otherwise in effecting any actions;
- (c) for the purposes of Article 114, any payment in the case of shares held through a securities settlement system may be made by means of the securities settlement system (subject always to the facilities and requirements of the securities settlement system) and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the making of a payment in accordance with the facilities and requirements of the securities settlement system concerned shall be a good discharge to the Company;
- (d) where any class of shares in the capital of the Company is held through a securities settlement system and the Company is entitled under any provisions of the Act, or the rules made and practices instituted by the central securities depository or under these Articles, to dispose of, forfeit, enforce a lien or sell or otherwise procure the sale of any such shares, such entitlement (to the extent permitted by the Act and the rules made and practices instituted by the central securities depository):
 - (i) shall include the right to require the central securities depository of such securities settlement system to take such steps as may be necessary to sell or transfer such shares and/or to appoint any person to take such other steps in the name of the central securities depository (or its nominees(s)) as may be required to effect a transfer of such shares and such steps shall be as effective as if they had been taken by the central securities depository (or its nominee(s)); and
 - (ii) shall be treated as applying only to such shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s) and not to any other shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s).

49. Liability of the Company, the Directors and the Company's Secretary

The holders of the Migrating Shares agree that none of the Company, the Directors, the Company's Registrar or the Secretary shall be liable in any way in connection with:

- (a) any of the actions taken in respect of the Migrating Shares in connection with the Migration and/or the matters in connection with the Migration referred to in the Circular (including the procedures and processes described in the EB Migration Guide), whether pursuant to the authorities granted by the holders of the Migrating Shares pursuant to this Part VIII, the resolutions passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 17 February 2021 (or any adjournment thereof) or otherwise; and/or
- (b) any failures and/or errors in the systems, processes or procedures of Euroclear Bank and/or EUI which adversely affect the implementation of the Migration and/or the matters in connection with the Migration referred to in the Circular (including the procedures and processes described in the EB Migration Guide).

PART IX - ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

50. Increase of Capital

- (a) The Company from time to time by Ordinary Resolution may increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as the resolution shall prescribe.
- (b) Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Articles, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the pre-existing ordinary capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien and otherwise.

51. Consolidation, Sub-Division and Cancellation of Capital

The Company, by ordinary resolution, may:-

- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount;
- (b) subject to the provisions of the Act, subdivide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount, so however that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the Holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have, as compared with the others, any such preferred, deferred or other rights or be subject to any such restrictions as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares; or
- (c) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and reduce the amount of its authorised share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

52. Fractions on Consolidation

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the Directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person and distribute the proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members and the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

53. Reduction of Capital

The Company, by special resolution, may reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account or any undenominated capital

in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised, and consent required, by law.

PART X - GENERAL MEETINGS

54. Annual General Meetings

The Company shall hold in each year a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it. Not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of the annual general meeting and that of the next.

55. Extraordinary General Meetings

All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

56. Convening General Meetings

The Directors may convene general meetings. Extraordinary general meetings may also be convened on such requisition, or in default may be convened by such requisitionists, and in such manner as may be provided by the Act. If at any time there are not within the State sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any Director or any two members of the Company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which general meetings may be convened by the Directors.

57. Notice of General Meetings

- (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act allowing a general meeting to be called by shorter notice, an annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by at least twenty-one Clear Days' notice and all other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen Clear Days' notice.
- (b) Any notice convening a general meeting shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of that business. It shall also give particulars of any Directors who are to retire by rotation or otherwise at the meeting and of any persons who are recommended by the Directors for appointment or re-appointment as Directors at the meeting, or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the Company of the intention to propose them for appointment or re-appointment as Directors at the meeting. Subject to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the Directors and the Auditors.
- (c) The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.
- (d) Where, by any provision contained in the Act, extended notice is required of a resolution, the resolution shall not be effective (except where the Directors of

the Company have resolved to submit it) unless notice of the intention to move it has been given to the Company not less than twenty-eight days (or such shorter period as the Act permit) before the meeting at which it is moved, and the Company shall give to the members notice of any such resolution as required by and in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

PART XI - PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

58. Quorum for General Meetings

- (a) No business other than the appointment of a chairman shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Except as provided in relation to an adjourned meeting, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporate member, shall be a quorum.
- (b) If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such time and place as the Directors may determine. If at the adjourned meeting such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting, if convened otherwise than by resolution of the Directors, shall be dissolved, but if the meeting shall have been convened by resolution of the Directors, a proxy appointed by a central securities depository entitled to be counted in a quorum present at the meeting shall be a quorum.

59. Chairman of General Meetings

- (a) The chairman of the board of Directors or, in his absence, the deputy chairman (if any) or, in his absence some other Director nominated by the Directors shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the Company. If at any general meeting none of such persons shall be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
- (b) If at any meeting no Director is willing to act as chairman or if no Director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present (whether in person or by proxy) and entitled to vote shall choose one of the members personally present to be chairman of the meeting.

60. Directors' and Auditors' Right to Attend General Meetings

A Director shall be entitled, notwithstanding that he is not a member, to receive notice of and to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the Holders of any class of shares in the Company. The Auditors shall be entitled to attend any general meeting and to be heard on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns them as the Auditors.

61. Adjournment of General Meetings

The chairman, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present, may (and if so directed by the meeting, shall) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. Where a meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more or sine die, at least seven Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjourned meeting.

62. Determination of Resolutions

At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded. Unless a poll is so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn before the poll is taken but only with the consent of the chairman, and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

63. Entitlement to Demand Poll

- (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded:
 - (i) by the chairman of the meeting;
 - (ii) by at least five members present (in person or by proxy) having the right to vote at the meeting;
 - (iii) by any member or members present (in person or by proxy) representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (iv) by a member or members present (in person or by proxy) holding shares in the Company conferring the right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.
- (b) The chairman of the meeting may also demand a poll before a resolution is put to the vote on a show of hands.

64. Taking of a Poll

- (a) Save as provided in paragraph (b) of this Article, a poll shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The

result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

- (b) A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time (not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded) and place as the chairman of the meeting may direct. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- (c) No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- (d) Subject to such requirements and restrictions as the Directors may specify, the Company may permit members who are not physically present at a meeting to vote by electronic means at the general meeting in respect of one or more of the resolutions proposed at a meeting.

65. Votes of Members

Votes may be given either personally or by proxy. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member present in person and every proxy shall have one vote, so, however, that no individual shall have more than one vote, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share carrying voting rights of which he is the Holder.

66. Chairman's Casting Vote

Where there is an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.

67. Voting by Joint Holders

Where there are joint Holders of a share, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, in respect of such share shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint Holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the Holders stand in the Register in respect of the share.

68. Voting by Incapacitated Holders

A member of unsound mind or who has made an enduring power of attorney, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the State or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, guardian, donee of an enduring power of attorney, or other person appointed by that court and any such committee,

receiver, guardian, donee of an enduring power of attorney, or other person may vote by proxy on a show of hands or on a poll. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the Office or at such other place as is specified in accordance with these Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not later than the latest time specified by the Directors (subject to the requirements of the Act) and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

69. Default in Payment of Calls

Unless the Directors otherwise determine, no member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting or any separate meeting of the Holders of any class of shares in the Company, either in person or by proxy, or to exercise any privilege as a member in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys then payable by him in respect of that share have been paid.

70. Time for Objection to Voting

No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

71. Appointment of Proxy

Every member entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may appoint a proxy or (subject to the following provisions) proxies to attend, speak and vote on his behalf, provided however, that:

- (a) a Member may appoint more than one proxy provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him; and
- (b) a member acting as an intermediary on behalf of a client in relation to shares may appoint that client or any third party designated by that client as a proxy in relation to those shares,

subject to such requirements and restrictions as the Directors may from time to time specify. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in any usual form or in any other form which the Directors may approve (subject to the requirements of the Act) and shall be executed by or on behalf of the appointor. The signature on such instrument need not be witnessed. A body corporate may execute a form of proxy under its common seal or under the hand of a duly authorised officer thereof or in such manner or form as may be authorised by the Directors. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

72. Deposit of Proxy Instruments

Where the instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any under which it is executed or a copy of such authority, certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors, is to be received by the Company:-

- (a) in physical form, it shall be deposited at the Office or at such other place or one of such other places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to the notice convening the meeting or any form of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting, not later than the latest time approved by the Directors (subject to the requirements of the Act), and in default shall not be treated as valid; or
- (b) in electronic form in the manner provided for in accordance with Article 73, provided that:
 - (i) in the case of a meeting which is adjourned to a date which is after but less than seven days after the date of the meeting which was adjourned or in the case of a poll which is to be taken on a date which is after but less than seven days after the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded, it shall be sufficient if the appointment of proxy and any such authority and certification thereof as aforesaid is lodged with the Secretary at the commencement of the adjourned meeting or (as the case may be) the taking of the poll;
 - (ii) an appointment of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting shall not require to be delivered again for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates; and
 - (iii) where any class of shares in the capital of the Company is held through a securities settlement system, the Directors may determine that it shall be sufficient if the appointment of a proxy and any such authority and certification thereof as aforesaid is received by the Company at such address and in such manner and time as may be specified by the Directors not being later than the commencement of the meeting, adjourned meeting or (as the case may be) of the taking of the poll.

73. Electronic Proxy

- (a) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, in relation to any shares, the appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is executed (or otherwise authenticated in a manner approved by the Directors) or a copy of such authority (or the information contained therein), certified notarially or in some other way authenticated in a manner approved by the Directors may be made by electronic means (including without limitation by means of electronic communication generated and sent by members to the Company via a website for this purpose using identification numbers communicated by or on behalf of the Company to each member) in such manner or form and subject to such terms, conditions or restrictions as the Directors may, subject to and in accordance with the Act, determine or approve from time to time in their absolute discretion. The Directors may prescribe the method of determining the time at which any such appointment of a proxy is to be treated as received by the Company. The Directors may treat any such appointment which purports to be or is expressed to be sent on behalf of a member as sufficient evidence of the authority of the person sending that instruction to send it on behalf of that member.

- (b) For the purposes of these Articles, the place to which the appointment of proxy should be delivered by the member shall be such number, address (including any number or address used for the purpose of communication by way of electronic mail or other electronic communication) or identification number of a member as is notified by the Directors to the members whether by way of note to the notice convening the meeting or any invitation to appoint a proxy issued by or on behalf of the Company or otherwise.
- (c) Without limiting the foregoing, in relation to any shares which are deposited in a central securities depository, the Directors may from time to time:
 - (i) permit appointments of a proxy to be made by means of an electronic communication (that is, through the use of a secured mechanism to exchange electronic messages in such form and subject to such terms and conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Directors (subject always to the facilities and requirements of the operator of the relevant securities settlement system concerned)) and may in a similar manner permit supplements to, or amendments or revocations of, any such proxy instruction to be made by like means. The Directors may in addition prescribe the method of determining the time at which any such proxy instruction (and/or other message, instruction or notification) is to be treated as received by the Company or such central securities depository. The Directors may treat any such proxy instruction which purports to be or is expressed to be sent on behalf of a Holder of a share as sufficient evidence of the authority of the person sending that instruction to send it on behalf of that holder;
 - (ii) agree with the central securities depository for such other proxy arrangements to operate, including an arrangement where the chairman of all meetings of shareholders shall, unless otherwise directed, be the proxy for all shareholder meetings in respect of all shares deposited in such central securities depository on the basis that such chairman shall only vote as proxy in accordance with such instructions as the central securities depository may give; and
 - (iii) agree with the central securities depository that where shares have been deposited in another central securities depository that proxy instructions may be given via the systems of that other central securities depository to the exclusion of the first central securities depository.

74. Effect of Proxy Instruments

Deposit of an instrument of proxy in respect of a meeting shall not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting or at any adjournment thereof. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid, unless the contrary is stated therein, as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.

75. Effect of Revocation of Proxy or of Authorisation

A vote given or poll demanded in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or a resolution authorising a representative to act on behalf of a body corporate shall be

valid notwithstanding the death or insanity of the principal, or the revocation of the instrument of proxy or of the authority under which the instrument of proxy was executed or of the resolution authorising the representative to act or the transfer of the share in respect of which the instrument of proxy or the authorisation of the representative to act was given, provided that no intimation in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Office at least one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the instrument of proxy is used or at which the representative acts provided however that where such intimation is given in electronic form, it shall have been received by the Company at least 24 hours (or such lesser time as the Directors may specify) before the commencement of the meeting.

PART XII - DIRECTORS

76. Number of Directors

Unless otherwise determined by Company in general meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than three. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, provided that if the number of the Directors is reduced below the prescribed minimum the remaining Director or Directors shall appoint forthwith an additional Director or additional Directors to make up such minimum or shall convene a general meeting of the Company for the purpose of making such appointment. If there be no Director or Directors able or willing to act then any two shareholders may summon a general meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors. Any additional Director so appointed shall hold office (subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles) only until the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company next following such appointment unless he is re-elected during such meeting and he shall not retire by rotation at such meeting or be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

77. Share Qualification

A Director shall not require a share qualification.

78. Ordinary Remuneration of Directors

The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall be determined from time to time by an ordinary resolution of the Company and shall be divisible (unless such resolution shall provide otherwise) among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of the remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.

79. Special Remuneration of Directors

Any Director who holds any executive office (including for this purpose the office of chairman or deputy chairman) or who serves on any committee, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the

ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine.

80. Expenses of Directors and Use of Company Property

- (a) The Directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors or committees of Directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the Holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.
- (b) The Directors are expressly permitted (as contemplated by Section 228(1)(d) of the Act) to use the Company's property subject to any conditions as may be set by the Board from time to time.

81. Alternate Directors

- (a) Any Director may appoint by writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) under his hand any person (including another Director) to be his alternate provided always that no such appointment of a person other than a Director as an alternate shall be operative unless and until such appointment shall have been approved by resolution of the Directors.
- (b) An alternate Director shall be entitled to receive notices of all meetings of the Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and in the absence of his appointor to exercise all the powers, rights, duties and authorities of his appointor as a Director (other than the right to appoint an alternate hereunder).
- (c) Save as otherwise provided in these Articles, an alternate Director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a Director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him. The remuneration of any such alternate Director shall be payable out of the remuneration paid to the Director appointing him and shall consist of such portion of the last mentioned remuneration as shall be agreed between the alternate and the Director appointing him.
- (d) A Director may revoke at any time the appointment of any alternate appointed by him. If a Director shall die or cease to hold the office of Director the appointment of his alternate shall thereupon cease and determine but if a Director retires by rotation or otherwise but is re-appointed or deemed to have been re-appointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate Director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his re-appointment.
- (e) Any appointment or revocation by a Director under this Article shall be effected by notice in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) given under his hand to the Secretary or deposited at the Office or in any other manner approved by the Directors.

PART XIII - POWERS OF DIRECTORS

82. Directors' Powers

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum of Association of the Company and these Articles and to any directions by the members given by ordinary resolution, not being inconsistent with these Articles or with the Act, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may do all such acts and things and exercise all the powers of the Company as are not by the Act or by these Articles required to be done or exercised by the Company in general meeting. No alteration of the memorandum of association of the Company or of these Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the Directors by these Articles and a meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Directors.

83. Power to Delegate

Without prejudice to the generality of the last preceding Article, the Directors may delegate any of their powers and discretions to any managing Director or any other Director holding any other executive office or to any committee consisting of one or more Directors together with such other persons (if any) as may be appointed to such committee by the Directors provided that a majority of the members of each committee appointed by the Directors shall at all times consist of Directors and that no resolution of any such committee shall be effective unless a majority of the members of the committee present at the meeting at which it was passed are Directors. The power or discretion which may be delegated to any such committee shall include (without limitation) any powers and discretions whose exercise involves or may involve the payment of remuneration to, or the conferring of any other benefit on, all or any of the Directors). Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the provisions of these Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors so far as they are capable of applying.

84. Appointment of Attorneys

The Directors, from time to time and at any time by power of attorney under seal, may appoint any company, firm or person or fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit. Any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit and may authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

85. Local Management

Without prejudice to the generality of Article 84, the Directors may establish any committees, local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the State or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration and may delegate to any committee, local board or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors with power to sub-delegate and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith with any such committee, local board or agency, without notice of any such removal, annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

86. Borrowing Powers

- (a) The authority of the Directors to exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property, assets, and uncalled capital or any part thereof subject to the Act and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party without any limitation as to amount.
- (b) The Directors may borrow, raise or secure the repayment of such monies in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit, and in particular by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock, loan stock, or any mortgage, charge or other security on the undertaking or the whole or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital.
- (c) Debentures, debenture stock and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise, and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors or otherwise.

PART XIV - APPOINTMENT, RETIREMENT AND DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

87. Retirement by Rotation

- (a) At each annual general meeting of the Company one-third of the Directors who are subject to retirement by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three then the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office, but if there is only one Director who is subject to retirement by rotation then he shall retire.
- (b) No Director holding the office of chairman or Managing Director or Joint Managing Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into

account in determining the number of Directors to retire. Subject as aforesaid the Directors, (including any Directors holding executive office pursuant to these Articles) to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment but as between persons who became or were last re-appointed Directors on the same day those to retire shall be determined (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) by lot.

- (c) A Director who retires at an annual general meeting may be re-appointed, if willing to act. If he is not re-appointed (or deemed to be re-appointed pursuant to these Articles) he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or, if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting.

88. Deemed Reappointment

If the Company, at the meeting at which a Director retires by rotation, does not fill the vacancy the retiring Director, if willing to act, shall be deemed to have been re-appointed, unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or a resolution for the reappointment of the Director is put to the meeting and lost.

89. Eligibility for Appointment

No person other than a Director retiring by rotation or retiring pursuant to Article 90(b) hereof shall be appointed a Director at any general meeting unless he is recommended by the Directors or not less than seven nor more than forty two days before the date appointed for the meeting notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of Directors together with a notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed.

90. Appointment of Additional Directors

- (a) Subject as aforesaid, the Company by ordinary resolution may appoint a person to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional Directors are to retire.
- (b) The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles as the maximum number of Directors. A Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at the meeting. If not re-appointed at such annual general meeting, such Director shall vacate office at the conclusion thereof.

PART XV - DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

91. Disqualification of Directors

The office of a Director shall be vacated ipso facto if:-

- (a) he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a Director;
- (b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;
- (c) in the opinion of a majority of his co-Directors, he becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder of discharging his duties as a Director;
- (d) (without committing a breach of any contract between him and the Company) he resigns his office by notice to the Company;
- (e) he is convicted of an indictable offence and the Directors determine that as a result of such conviction he should cease to be a Director; or
- (f) he shall have been absent for more than six consecutive months without permission of the Directors from meetings of the Directors held during that period and his alternate Director (if any) shall not have attended any such meeting in his place during such period, and the Directors pass a resolution that by reason of such absence he has vacated office.

92. Removal of Directors.

The Company may, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act, by ordinary resolution remove any Director (including a managing or other executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and any such Director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such Director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

PART XVI - DIRECTORS' OFFICES AND INTERESTS

93. Executive Offices

- (a) The Directors may appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director or Joint Managing Director or to any other executive office under the Company (including, where considered appropriate, the office of chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may revoke any such appointment at any time.
- (b) A Director holding any such executive office shall receive such remuneration, whether in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director and whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise or partly in one way and partly in another, as the Directors may determine.

- (c) The appointment of any Director to the office of chairman or Managing or Joint Managing Director shall determine automatically if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- (d) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not determine automatically if he ceases from any cause to be a Director unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- (e) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (except that of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director, and may act in a professional capacity to the Company, on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the Directors shall arrange.

94. **Directors' Interests**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the Directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a Director notwithstanding his office:-

- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or any subsidiary or associated company thereof or in which the Company or any subsidiary or associated company thereof is otherwise interested;
 - (i) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company or any subsidiary or associated company thereof is otherwise interested; and
 - (ii) shall not be accountable, by reason of his office, to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.
- (b) No Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the other company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established. The nature of a Director's interest must be declared by him at the meeting of the Directors at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, or if the Director was not at the date of that meeting interested in the proposed contract or arrangement, at the next meeting of the Directors held

after he became so interested, and in a case where the Director becomes interested in a contract or arrangement after it is made at the first meeting of the Directors held after he becomes so interested.

- (c) A copy of every declaration made and notice given under this Article shall be entered within three days after the making or giving thereof in a book kept for this purpose. Such book shall be open for inspection without charge by any Director, Secretary, Auditor or member of the Company at the Office and shall be produced at every general meeting of the Company and at any meeting of the Directors if any Director so requests in sufficient time to enable the book to be available at the meeting.
- (d) For the purposes of this Article:-
 - (i) a general notice given to the Directors that a Director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the Director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified; and
 - (ii) an interest of which a Director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

95. Restriction on Directors' Voting

- (a) Save as otherwise provided by these Articles, a Director shall not vote at a meeting of the Directors or a committee of Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest which is material or a duty which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to any such resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.
- (b) A Director shall (in the absence of some other material interest than is indicated below) be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of any resolutions concerning any of the following matters, namely:-
 - (i) the giving of any security, guarantee or indemnity to him in respect of money lent by him to the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated companies or obligations incurred by him at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated companies;
 - (ii) the giving of any security, guarantee or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated companies for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
 - (iii) any proposal concerning any offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated

companies for subscription, purchase or exchange in which offer he is entitled to participate as a holder of securities or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub- underwriting thereof;

- (iv) any proposal concerning any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever, provided that he is not the holder of or beneficially interested in 1% or more of the issued shares of any class of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (any such interest being deemed for the purposes of this Article to be a material interest in all circumstances);
 - (v) any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a superannuation fund or retirement benefits scheme under which he may benefit in a manner similar to the benefits awarded to other employees to whom the scheme relates and which has been approved by or is subject to and conditional upon approval for taxation purposes by the appropriate Revenue authorities; or
 - (vi) any proposal concerning insurance which the Company proposes to maintain or purchase for the benefit of Directors or for the benefit of persons including the Directors.
- (c) Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and in such case each of the Directors concerned (if not debarred from voting under sub-paragraph (b)(iv) of this Article) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.
- (d) If a question arises at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors as to the materiality of a Director's interest or as to the right of any Director to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question may be referred, before the conclusion of the meeting, to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any Director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.
- (e) The Company by ordinary resolution may suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.
- (f) For the purposes of this Article, an interest of a person who is the spouse or minor child of a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director and in relation to an alternate Director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate Director.
- (g) The Company by ordinary resolution may suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or rectify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.

- (h) Nothing in Section 228(1)(e) of the Act shall restrict a Director from entering into any commitment which has been approved by the Directors. It shall be the duty of each Director to obtain prior approval of the board of Directors before entering into any commitment permitted by Section 228 of the Act.

96. Entitlement to Grant Pensions

The Directors may provide benefits, whether by way of pensions, gratuities or otherwise, for any Director, former Director or other officer or former officer of the Company or to any person who holds or has held any employment with the Company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary or associated company of the Company or a predecessor in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary or associated company and to any member of his family or any person who is or was dependent on him and may set up, establish, support, alter, maintain and continue any scheme for providing all or any such benefits and for such purposes any Director accordingly may be, become or remain a member of, or rejoin, any scheme and receive or retain for his own benefit all benefits to which he may be or become entitled thereunder. The Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company any premiums, contributions or sums payable by the Company under the provisions of any such scheme in respect of any of the persons or class of persons above referred to who are or may be or become members thereof.

PART XVII - PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

97. Convening and Regulation of Directors' Meetings

- (a) Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of a Director shall, call a meeting of the Directors. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective. If the Directors so resolve, it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director or alternate Director who, being a resident of the State, is for the time being absent from the State.
- (b) Notice of a meeting of the Directors shall be deemed to be duly given to a Director if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent in writing by delivery, post, cable, telegram, telex, telefax, electronic mail or any other means of communication approved by the Directors to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose.

98. Voting at Directors' Meetings

- (a) Questions arising at any meeting of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. Where there is an equality of votes, the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote. A Director who is also an alternate Director for one or more Directors shall be entitled in the absence of any such appointor from a meeting to a separate vote at such meeting on behalf of each such appointor in addition to his own vote.
- (b) Subject as hereinafter provided, each Director present and voting shall have one vote and in addition to his own vote shall be entitled to one vote in respect of

each other Director not present at the meeting who shall have authorised him in respect of such meeting to vote for such other Director in his absence. Any such authority may relate generally to all meetings of the Directors or to any specified meeting or meetings and must be in writing and may be sent by delivery, post, cable, telegram, telex, telefax, electronic mail or any other means of communication approved by the Directors and may bear a printed or facsimile signature of the Director giving such authority. The authority must be delivered to the Secretary for filing prior to or must be produced at the first meeting at which a vote is to be cast pursuant thereto provided that no Director shall be entitled to any vote at a meeting on behalf of another Director pursuant to the paragraph if the other Director shall have appointed an alternate Director and that alternate Director is present at the meeting at which the Director proposes to vote pursuant to this paragraph.

99. Quorum for Directors' Meetings

The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be three. A person who holds office only as an alternate Director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum but notwithstanding that such person may act as alternate Director for more than one Director he shall not count as more than one for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present.

100. Telecommunication Meetings

Any Director or alternate Director may participate in a meeting of the Directors or any committee of the Directors by means of conference telephone or other telecommunications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other speak and such participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

101. Chairman of Board of Directors.

- (a) The Directors may appoint one or more of their body to the office of chairman and/or deputy chairman on such terms and for such period as they may determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment. The appointment of any Director to the office of chairman or deputy chairman shall automatically determine if he ceases to be a Director.
- (b) Subject to any appointment to the office of chairman made pursuant to these Articles, the Directors may elect a chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, but if no such chairman is elected or if at any meeting the chairman is unwilling to act or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

102. Validity of Acts of Directors

All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there

was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified from holding office or had vacated office, shall be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director and had been entitled to vote.

103. Directors' Resolutions and Other Documents in writing

A resolution or other document in writing (in electronic form or otherwise) signed (whether by electronic signature, advanced electronic signature or otherwise as approved by the Directors) by all the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of Directors or (as the case may be) a committee of Directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more Directors, and such resolution or other document or documents when duly signed may be delivered or transmitted (unless the Directors shall otherwise determine either generally or in any specific case) by facsimile transmission or some other similar means of transmitting the contents of documents. A resolution or other document signed by an alternate Director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a Director who has appointed an alternate Director, it need not be signed by the alternate Director in that capacity.

PART XVIII - THE SECRETARY

104. Appointment of Secretary

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

105. Assistant or Acting Secretary

Anything required or authorised by the Act or these Articles to be done by the Secretary may be done, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary readily available and capable of acting, by or to any Assistant or Acting Secretary or, if there is no assistant or acting secretary readily available and capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially in that behalf by the Directors.

PART XIX - THE SEAL

106. Use of Seal

The Directors shall ensure that the Seal (including any official securities seal kept pursuant to the Act) shall be used only by the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors.

107. Signature of Sealed Instruments

- (a) Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a Director and shall also be signed by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine, either generally or in any

particular case (and subject to such restrictions as the Directors may determine), that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with, printed thereon or affixed thereto by some method or system of mechanical signature.

- (b) For the purposes of this Article 107, any instrument in electronic form to which the seal is required to be affixed, shall be sealed by means of an advanced electronic signature based on a qualified certificate of a Director and the Secretary or of a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose.

108. Security Seal

The Company may have, for use for sealing certificates, an official seal which is a facsimile of the Seal with the addition on its face of the word "Securities" and certificates on which the Securities Seal is used shall not require to be signed by any person.

109. Seal for Use Abroad

The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

PART XX - DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

110. Declaration of Dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company by ordinary resolution may declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors. For the avoidance of doubt a dividend may be paid by the Company by way of a cheque which is crossed or which indicates by an appropriate means that the cheque shall be lodged only to the account of the payee. The Directors may also, in circumstances they consider appropriate, arrange for payment of dividends by electronic funds transfer, bank transfer or by any other method selected by the Directors from time to time, and in such event the debiting of the Company's account in respect of the appropriate amount shall be deemed a good discharge of the Company's obligation in respect of any payment made by any such methods.

111. Right of Election

The Directors may, subject to approval by the Company at any general meeting in respect of any dividend declared or proposed to be declared at that general meeting or declared or paid at any time prior to or at the next following annual general meeting (and provided that an adequate number of unissued Ordinary Shares are available for the purpose), offer holders of Ordinary Shares the right, prior to or contemporaneously with their announcement of the dividend in question and any related information as to the Company's profits for such financial period or part thereof, to elect to receive in lieu of such dividend (or part thereof) an allotment of additional Ordinary Shares credited as fully paid. In any such case, the following provisions shall apply:-

- (a) the basis of allotment shall be determined by the Directors so that, as nearly as may be considered convenient but subject always to the Act, the value of the

additional Ordinary Shares (excluding any fractional entitlement) to be allotted in lieu of any amount of dividend shall equal such amount (disregarding any tax credit attaching to the dividend). The value of the Ordinary Shares shall be determined by the Directors by reference to the average of the Relevant Prices of Ordinary Shares for the five business days commencing on the date on which the Ordinary Shares are quoted ex the relevant dividend or, in the event that this shall be impracticable, in such manner as the Directors may determine, taking into account, if appropriate, the price at which any recent dealing in the shares of the Company took place;

- (b) the Directors shall give notice in writing to the holders of Ordinary Shares of any right of election afforded to them and shall send with or following such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed (including, if so permitted procedures for the retraction of an election), the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective. Any election by a member will be binding on every successor in title to the shares in respect of which the election is made. The Directors may also issue forms under which holders of Ordinary Shares may elect to receive Ordinary Shares instead of cash both in respect of future dividends not yet declared or resolved (and accordingly in respect of which the basis of allotment shall not have been determined) and dividends already declared and resolved;
- (c) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable on Ordinary Shares in respect of which the share election has been duly exercised (the "Elected Ordinary Shares") and in lieu hereof additional Ordinary Shares (but not any fraction of any Ordinary Share) shall be allotted to the holders of the Elected Ordinary Shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Directors shall capitalise, out of such of the sums standing to the credit of reserves (including any share premium account or capital redemption reserve fund) or profit and loss account as the Directors may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of additional Ordinary Shares to be allotted and premium (if any) on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of unissued Ordinary Shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the Elected Ordinary Shares on such basis. A resolution of the Directors capitalising any part of the reserves or profits hereinbefore mentioned shall have the same effect as if such capitalisation had been declared by a resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company.
- (d) the additional Ordinary Shares so allotted will rank *pari passu* in all respects with the fully paid Ordinary Shares then in issue save only as regards participation in the relevant dividend or share election in lieu;
- (e) the Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation with full power for the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, the fractional entitlements are disregarded and the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an

agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned. The Directors may, in their absolute discretion if it shall in their opinion seem expedient, suspend or terminate (whether temporarily or otherwise) such right to elect and may do such acts and things considered necessary or expedient with regard to, or in order to effect, any such suspension or termination;

- (f) notwithstanding the foregoing, the Directors may at any time prior to payment of the relevant dividend determine, if it appears to them desirable to do so because of a change in circumstances, that the dividend shall be payable wholly in cash and if they so determine then all elections made shall be disregarded. The relevant dividend shall be payable wholly in cash if the Ordinary Shares of the Company cease to be listed or dealt in on any recognised stock exchange at any time prior to the due date of issue of the additional Ordinary Shares or, if such listing is suspended and not reinstated by the date immediately preceding the due date of such issue;
- (g) the Directors may on any occasion determine that rights of election shall not be made available to any holders of Ordinary Shares who are citizens or residents of any territory where the circulation of an offer of rights of election or any exercise of rights of election or any purported acceptance of such a right would or might be unlawful and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.

112. Interim and Fixed Dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may declare and pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the Directors may declare and pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but subject always to any restrictions for the time being in force (whether under these Articles, under the terms of issue of any shares or under any agreement to which the Company is a party, or otherwise) relating to the application, or the priority of application, of the Company's profits available for distribution or to the declaration or as the case may be the payment of dividends by the Company. Subject as aforesaid, the Directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the Directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the Holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

113. Method of payment of Dividends

- (a) Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. Subject as aforesaid, all dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the

dividend is paid; but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly. For the purposes of this Article, no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on a share.

- (b) If several persons are registered as joint Holders of any share, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of the share.

114. Deductions from Dividends

The Directors may deduct from any dividend or other moneys payable to any member in respect of a share any moneys presently payable by him to the Company in respect of that share.

115. Dividends in Specie

A general meeting declaring a dividend may direct, upon the recommendation of the Directors, that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets (and, in particular, of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company or in any one or more of such ways) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution. Where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof in order to adjust the rights of all the parties and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed and may vest any such specific assets in trustees.

116. Payment of Dividends and Other Monies.

- (a) Any dividend or other monies payable in respect of any share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent by post, at the risk of the holder or holders entitled thereto, to the registered address of the holder or, where there are joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the Register or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent and payment of the cheque or warrant shall be a good discharge to the Company.
- (b) Any dividend or distribution may be paid in a currency other than euros, at a conversion rate to be selected by the Directors.
- (c) Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other monies payable in respect of the share.
- (d) A dividend may be paid by the Company by way of a cheque which is crossed or which indicates by an appropriate means that the cheque shall be lodged only to the account of the payee and the Directors may also, in circumstances which they consider appropriate, arrange for payment of dividends by electronic funds transfer, bank transfer or by any other method selected by the Directors from time to time and in such event the debiting of the Company's account in respect

of the appropriate amount shall be deemed a good discharge of the Company's obligations in respect of any payment made by any such methods.

- (e) If on at least three consecutive occasions, cheques, warrants, or transfers in respect of payment of dividends or other monies payable on or in respect of any share have been despatched in accordance with the provisions of this Article but have been returned undelivered or left uncashed or the transfers have been ineffective during the periods for which they were valid, the Company need not thereafter despatch further cheques or warrants or transfers in payment of dividends or other monies payable on or in respect of the share in question until the member or other person entitled thereto shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing to the Secretary an address or account details as appropriate for the purpose.
- (f) The Directors may, at their discretion, make arrangements to enable a central securities depository (or its nominee(s)) or any such other holder or holders as the Directors shall from time to time determine to receive duly declared dividends in any currency or currencies other than the currency in which such dividends are declared. For the purposes of the calculation of the amount receivable in respect of any dividend, the rate of exchange to be used to determine the equivalent in any such other currency of any sum payable as a dividend shall be such rate or rates, and the payment thereof shall be on such terms and conditions, as the Directors may in their absolute discretion determine.

117. Dividends not to bear Interest

No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.

118. Payment to Holders on a Particular Date

Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same may be payable to the persons registered as the Holders of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se of transferors and transferees of any such shares in respect of such dividend. The provisions of this Article shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to capitalisations to be effected in pursuance of these Articles.

119. Unclaimed Dividends

Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date the dividend became due for payment shall, if the Directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof.

PARTXXI - CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS OR RESERVES

120. Capitalisation of Distributable Profits and Reserves

The Company in general meeting may resolve, upon the recommendation of the Directors, that any sum for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserves (including any capital redemption reserve fund, share premium account or undenominated capital) or to the credit of the profit and loss account be capitalised and applied on behalf of the members who would have been entitled to receive that sum if it had been distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions either in or towards paying up amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to the sum capitalised (such shares or debentures to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Holders in the proportions aforesaid) or partly in one way and partly in another, so, however, that the only purposes for which sums standing to the credit of the capital redemption reserve fund, the share premium account or undenominated capital shall be applied shall be those permitted by the Act.

121. Capitalisation of Non-Distributable Profits and Reserves

Without prejudice to any powers conferred on the Directors as aforesaid, the Company in general meeting may resolve, on the recommendation of the Directors, that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account which is not available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up in full unissued shares to be allotted as fully paid bonus shares to those members of the Company who would have been entitled to that sum if it were distributable and had been distributed by way of dividend (and in the same proportions) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution.

122. Implementations of Capitalisation Issues

Whenever such a resolution is passed in pursuance of either of the two immediately preceding Articles the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they shall think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions (and, in particular, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, either to disregard such fractions or to sell the shares or debentures represented by such fractions and distribute the net proceeds of such sale to and for the benefit of the Company or to and for the benefit of the members otherwise entitled to such fractions in due proportions) and to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may become entitled on such capitalisation or, as the case may require, for the payment up by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares and any agreement made under such authority shall be binding on all such members.

PART XXII - NOTICES

123. Notices in Writing

Any notice to be given, served or delivered pursuant to these Articles shall be in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise).

124. Service of Notices

- (a) A notice or document (including a share certificate) to be given, served or delivered in pursuance of these articles may be given to, served on or delivered to any member by the Company or any agent/the registrar on its behalf:
 - (i) by handing same to him or his authorised agent;
 - (ii) by leaving the same at his registered address;
 - (iii) by sending the same by the post in a pre-paid cover addressed to him at his registered address;
 - (iv) by sending, with the consent of the member, the same by means of electronic mail or other means of Electronic Communication approved by the Directors with the consent of the member, to the address of the member notified to the Company by the member for such purpose (or if not so notified to the address of the member last known to the Company);
 - (v) by displaying it on a website (except a share certificate), the address of such to be notified to the members in writing; or
 - (vi) by sending same via: (i) the messaging system of a central securities depository; or (ii) by email to the nominated representatives or nominated email account(s) of a central securities depository, in such manner as may be approved by the Directors.
- (b) Where a notice or document is given, served or delivered pursuant to subparagraph (a)(i) or (a)(ii) of this Article, the giving, service or delivery thereof shall be deemed to have been effected at the time the same was handed to the member or his authorised agent, or left at his registered address (as the case may be).
- (c) Where a notice or document is given, served or delivered pursuant to subparagraph (a)(iii) of this Article, the giving, service or delivery thereof shall be deemed to have been effected at the expiration of twenty-four hours after the cover containing it was posted. In proving service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted.
- (d) Where a notice or document is given, served or delivered pursuant to subparagraph (a)(iv) of this Article, the giving, serving or delivery thereof shall be deemed to have been effected at the expiration of twelve hours after its despatch. In proving such delivery or service, it shall be sufficient to prove that

such Electronic Communication was sent to the address notified by the member to the Company for such purpose.

- (e) Where a notice or document (other than a share certificate) is displayed on a website pursuant to sub-paragraph (a)(v) of this Article, it is treated as being delivered when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website.
- (f) Where a notice or document is given, served or delivered pursuant to paragraph (a)(vi), the giving, service or delivery thereof shall be deemed to have been effected:
 - (i) at the time the same was sent to the messaging system of the central securities depository; or
 - (ii) at the time the same was sent by email to the nominated representatives or nominated email account(s) of the central securities depository.
- (g) Every legal personal representative, committee, receiver, curator bonis or other legal curator, assignee in bankruptcy or liquidator of a member shall be bound by a notice given as aforesaid if sent to the last registered address of such member, notwithstanding that the Company may have notice of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy, liquidation or disability of such member.
- (h) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-paragraphs (a) (i) and (ii) of this Article, if at any time by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within the State, the Company is unable effectively to convene a general meeting by notices sent through the post, a general meeting may be convened by a notice advertised on the same date in at least two leading national daily newspapers in the State and such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all members entitled thereto at noon on the day on which the said advertisements shall appear. In any such case the Company shall (if or to the extent that in the opinion of the Directors it is practical so to do) send confirmatory copies of the notice through the post to those members whose registered addresses are outside the State or are in areas of the State unaffected by such suspension or curtailment of postal services and if at least ninety-six hours prior to the time appointed for the holding of the meeting the posting of notices to members in the State, or any part thereof which was previously affected, has again in the opinion of the Directors become practical the Directors shall forthwith send confirmatory copies of the notice by post to such members. The accidental omission to give any such confirmatory copy of a notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of any such confirmatory copy by, any person entitled to receive the same shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.
- (i) At the option of the Company, and where appropriate means are available, notice may also be served by means of telex, telefax or other such means as may be available.
- (j) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Article the Company shall not be obliged to take account of or make any investigations as to the existence of any

suspension or curtailment of postal services within or in relation to all or any part of any jurisdiction or other area other than the State.

- (k) The accidental omission to give any such confirmatory copy of a notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of any such confirmatory copy by, any person entitled to receive the same shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

125. Service on Joint Holders

A notice may be given by the Company to the joint Holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint Holder whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the share and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint Holders.

126. Service on Transfer or Transmission of Shares

- (a) Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the Register in respect of the share, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.
- (b) Without prejudice to the provisions of these Articles allowing a meeting to be convened by newspaper advertisement a notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to them at the address, if any, supplied by them for that purpose. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

127. Signature to Notices

The signature (whether electronic signature, an advanced electronic signature or otherwise) to any notice to be given by the Company may be written (in electronic form or otherwise) or printed.

128. Deemed Receipt of Notices

A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or the Holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.

PART XXIII - WINDING UP

129. Distribution on Winding Up

If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up or credited as paid up share capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up or credited as paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively. And if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the share capital paid up or credited as paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be

distributed among the members in proportion to the capital at the commencement of the winding up paid up or credited as paid up on the said shares held by them respectively. Provided that this Article shall not affect the rights of the Holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

130. Distribution in Specie

If the Company is wound up, the liquidator, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, may divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and, for such purpose, may value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator, with the like sanction, may vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as, with the like sanction, he determines, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

PART XXIV - MISCELLANEOUS

131. Inspection of Books etc. by Members

The Directors shall determine from time to time whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members, not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Act or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting. No member shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading, or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors it would be inexpedient in the interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

132. Destruction of Records

The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof, all notifications of change of address at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of recording thereof and all share certificates and dividend mandates which have been cancelled or ceased to have effect at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of such cancellation or cessation. It shall be presumed conclusively in favour of the Company that every entry in the Register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made and every instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective document duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:-

- (a) the provision aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
- (b) nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article; and
- (c) references herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner or in the case of Electronic Communication, the deletion thereof in any manner.

133. **Untraced Shareholders**

- (a) The Company shall be entitled to sell at the best price reasonably obtainable any share of a holder or any share to which a person is entitled by transmission if and provided that:-
 - (i) for a period of twelve years no cheque or warrant sent by the Company through the post in a pre-paid letter addressed to the holder or to the person entitled by transmission to the share at his address on the Register or at the last known address given by the holder or the person entitled by transmission to which cheques and warrants are to be sent has been cashed and no communication has been received by the Company from the holder or the person entitled by transmission (provided that during such twelve year period at least three dividends shall have become payable in respect of such share);
 - (ii) the Company has on or after the expiration of the said period of twelve years by advertisement in a leading national daily newspaper in the State and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the address referred to in sub-paragraph (a)(i) of this Article is located given notice of its intention to sell such share and has informed the Stock Exchange of its intention to sell such share; and
 - (iii) the Company has not during the further period of three months after the date of the advertisement and prior to the exercise of the power of sale received any communication from the holder or person entitled by transmission.
- (b) To give effect to any such sale the Company may appoint any person to execute as transferor an instrument of transfer of such share and such instrument of transfer shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the holder or the person entitled by transmission to such share. The transferee shall be entered in the Register as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

- (c) The Company shall account to the holder or other person entitled to such share for the net proceeds of such sale by carrying all moneys in respect thereof to a separate account which shall be a debt of the Company and the Company shall be deemed to be a debtor and not a trustee in respect thereof for such holder or other person. Moneys carried to such separate account may either be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments as the Directors may from time to time think fit.

134. **Indemnity**

Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be admitted by the Act, every Director, Managing Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer or employee of the Company and in which judgment is given in his favour (or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

**Names, Addresses and Descriptions
of Subscribers**

**Number of Shares taken by each
Subscriber**

Professor Richard Conroy
Professor

Ordinary Share of euro €0.001

Dr Pamela Conroy
Physician

Ordinary Share of euro €0.001

Dr Desmond Conroy
Physician

Ordinary Share of euro €0.001

Maureen Jones
Company Director

Ordinary Share of euro €0.001

James Jones
Chartered Accountant

Ordinary Share of euro €0.001

Louis Joseph Maguire
Auctioneer

Ordinary Share of euro €0.001

Henry Hamilton Rennisson
Geologist

Ordinary Share of euro €0.001

Dated the day of February 2004
Witness to the above signatures:-